CERTIFICATION

SDG No:

1701454

Laboratory:

Eurofins, Folson, CA

Site:

BMSMC

Matrix:

Air

SUMMARY:

Air samples (Table 1) were collected on the BMSMC facility. The BMSMC facility is located in Humacao, PR. Samples were taken January 29, 2017 and were analyzed in Eurofins Laboratory of Folson, California that reported the data under SDG No.: 1701454. The sample results were assessed according to USEPA the documents described in the following order of precedence: QC criteria from "Compendium Method TO-17. Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) In Ambient Air Using Active Sampling Onto Sorbent Tubes (modified), January, 1999"; In addition the following guideline is employed for set up of the GC/MS analytical system including column selection, MS tune requirements, calibration protocols, etc., as per TO-17 method requirements: USEPA Hazardous Waste Support Branch. Validating Air Samples. Volatile Organic Analysis of Ambient Air in Canisters by Method TO-15, (SOP # HW-31. Revision #6. June, 2014). The analyses performed are shown in Table 1. Individual data review worksheets are enclosed for each target analyte group. The data sample summary form shows analyte results that were qualified.

In summary, the results are valid and can be used for decision making purposes.

Table 1. Samples analyzed and analysis performed

SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	ANALYSIS PERFORMED
1701454-01A	B1315AA-012817	Air	Naphthalene
1701454-02A	B13IA-1-012817	Air	Naphthalene
1701454-03A	B13IA-3-012817	Air	Naphthalene
1701454-04A	B13IA-2-012817	Air	Naphthalene
1701454-05A	B13IA-2DUP-012817	Air	Naphthalene
1701454-06A	B13SS-1-012917	Air	Naphthalene
1701454-07A	B13SS-2-012917	Air	Naphthalene
1701454-08A	B13SS-2DUP-012917	Air	Naphthalene
1701454-09A	B13SS-3-012917	Air	Naphthalene
1701454-10A	B15S-1-012917	Air	Naphthalene
1701454-11A	B15S-1DUP-012917	Air	Naphthalene
1701454-12A	B15FB-012917	Air	Naphthalene
1701454-13A	B15IA-1DUP-012817	Air	Naphthalene
1701454-14A	B15IA-1-012817	Air	Naphthalene

Reviewer Name:

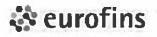
Rafael Infante

Chemist License 1888

Signature:

Date:

March 18, 2017



Client Sample ID: B1315AA-012817

Lab ID#: 1701454R1-01A

EPA METHOD TO-17

File Name: Dil. Factor:	6013112R1 Date of 1.00		e of Collection: 1/29 e of Analysis: 1/31/	
Compound	Rpt. Limit (ng)	Rpt. Limit (ug/m3)	Amount (ng)	Amount (ug/m3)
Naphthalene	1.0	0.058	Not Detected	Not Detected
Air Sample Volume(L): 17.3 Container Type: TO-17 VI Tube				
Surrogates		%Recovery		Method Limits
Naphthalene-d8		92	·-	50-150





Client Sample ID: B13IA-1-012817 Lab ID#: 1701454R1-02A

EPA METHOD TO-17

File Name: Dil. Factor:	6013113R1 Date of 1.00		e of Collection: 1/2 e of Analysis: 1/31/	
Compound	Rpt. Limit (ng)	Rpt. Limit (ug/m3)	Amount (ng)	Amount (ug/m3)
Naphthalene	1.0	0,061	Not Detected	Not Detected
Air Sample Volume(L): 16.3 Container Type: TO-17 VI Tube				B# - 4L J

Surrogates%RecoveryMethod LimitsNaphthalene-d89250-150





Client Sample ID: B13IA-3-012817 Lab ID#: 1701454R1-03A

EPA METHOD TO-17

File Name: Dil. Factor:	6013114R1 Date o		te of Collection: 1/2 te of Analysis: 1/31/	
Compound	Rpt. Limit (ng)	Rpt. Limit (ug/m3)	Amount (ng)	Amount (ug/m3)
Naphthalene	1.0	0.059	Not Detected	Not Detected
Air Sample Volume(L): 17.0 Container Type: TO-17 VI Tube				
Surragatas		9/ Bassyan		Method
Surrogates Naphthalene-d8		%Recovery 95		Limits 50-150





Client Sample ID: B131A-2-012817

Lab ID#: 1701454R1-04A

EPA METHOD TO-17

	File Name:	6013115R1 Date	e of Extraction: NAD	ate of Collection:	1/29/17 3:08:00 PM
ı	Dil. Factor:	1.00	D	ate of Analysis: 1	/31/17 05:53 PM
		Rpt. Limit	Rpt. Limit	Amount	Amount

	Rpt. Limit	Rpt. Limit	Amount	Amount
Compound	(ng)	(ug/m3)	(ng)	(ug/m3)
Naphthalene	1.0	0,060	0.61 J	0.036 J

Air Sample Volume(L): 16.8

J = Estimated value.

Container Type: TO-17 VI Tube

Surrogates	%Recovery	Method Limits
Naphthalene-d8	92	50-150





Client Sample ID: B13IA-2DUP-012817

Lab ID#: 1701454R1-05A EPA METHOD TO-17

File Name: Dil. Factor:	6013116R1 Date of		e of Collection: 1/29 e of Analysis: 1/31/	
Compound	Rpt. Limit (ng)	Rpt. Limit (ug/m3)	Amount (ng)	Amount (ug/m3)
Naphthalene	1.0	0.060	Not Detected	Not Detected
Air Sample Volume(L): 16.8 Container Type: TO-17 VI Tube				
Surrogates		%Recovery		Method Limits
Naphthalene-d8		103		50-150





Client Sample ID: B13SS-1-012917 Lab ID#: 1701454R1-06A

EPA METHOD TO-17

File Name: Dil. Factor:	6013117R1 Date of		te of Collection: 1/29 te of Analysis: 1/31/	
Compound	Rpt. Limit (ng)	Rpt. Limit (ug/m3)	Amount (ng)	Amount (ug/m3)
Naphthalene	1,0	2,5	Not Detected	Not Detected
Air Sample Volume(L): 0.400 Container Type: TO-17 VI Tube				
Surrogates		%Recovery		Method Limits
Naphthalene-d8		96		50-150



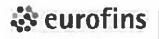


Client Sample ID: B13SS-2-012917 Lab ID#: 1701454R1-07A

EPA METHOD TO-17

File Name: Dil. Factor:	6013118R1 Date of 1.00		te of Collection: 1/29 te of Analysis: 1/31/	
Compound	Rpt. Limit (ng)	Rpt. Limit (ug/m3)	Amount (ng)	Amount (ug/m3)
Naphthalene	1,0	2.5	Not Detected	Not Detected
Air Sample Volume(L): 0.400 Container Type: TO-17 VI Tube				
Surrogates		%Recovery		Method Limits
Naphthalene-d8		93		50-150





Client Sample ID: B13SS-2DUP-012917

Lab ID#: 1701454R1-08A

ELA METIODIO

1.0

File Name:	6013119R1 Date	of Extraction: NADate	e of Collection: 1/2:	9/1/ 4:01:00 FW	
Dil. Factor:	1.00	Date of Analysis: 1/31/17 08:32 PM			
	Rpt. Limit	Rpt. Limit	Amount	Amount	
Compound	(ng)	(ug/m3)	(ng)	(ug/m3)	

2.5

Air Sample Volume(L): 0.400

J = Estimated value.

Naphthalene

Container Type: TO-17 VI Tube

_		Method
Surrogates	%Recovery	Limits
Nanhthalene-d8	104	50-150



0.86 J

2.2 J



Client Sample ID: B13SS-3-012917 Lab ID#: 1701454R1-09A

EPA METHOD TO-17

File Name: Dil. Factor:	6013120R1 Date of 1.00			of Collection: 1/29/17 3:41:00 PM of Analysis: 1/31/17 09:11 PM		
Compound	Rpt. Limit (ng)	Rpt. Limit (ug/m3)	Amount (ng)	Amount (ug/m3)		
Naphthalene	1.0	2,5	Not Detected	Not Detected		
Air Sample Volume(L): 0.400 Container Type: TO-17 VI Tube						
Surrogates		%Recovery		Method Limits		
Naphthalene-d8		94		50-150		





Client Sample ID: B15S-1-012917

Lab ID#: 1701454R1-10A EPA METHOD TO-17

File Name: Dil. Factor:	6013121R1 Date of 1.00	Extraction: NADate	of Collection: 1/2 of Analysis: 1/31/	
Compound	Rpt. Limit	Rpt. Limit	Amount	Amount
	(ng)	(ug/m3)	(ng)	(ug/m3)

2.5

1.0

Air Sample Volume(L): 0.400

J = Estimated value.

Naphthalene

Container Type: TO-17 VI Tube

Surrogates	%Recovery	Method Limits
Naphthalene-d8	96	50-150



0.83 J

2.1 J



Client Sample ID: B15SS-1DUP-012917

Lab ID#: 1701454R1-11A EPA METHOD TO-17

File Name:	6013122R1	Date of Extraction: NADate of Collection: 1/29/17 5:43:00 PM
Dil. Factor:	1.00	Date of Analysis: 1/31/17 10:31 PM

Compound	Rpt. Limit (ng)	Rpt. Limit (ug/m3)	Amount (ng)	Amount (ug/m3)
Naphthalene	1.0	2.5	0.47 J	1,2 J

Air Sample Volume(L): 0.400

J = Estimated value.

Container Type: TO-17 VI Tube

Surrogates	%Recovery	Method Limits
Naphthalene-d8	92	50-150





Client Sample ID: B15FB-012917

Lab ID#: 1701454R1-12A

EPA METHOD TO-17

File Name: Dil. Factor:	6013111R1 Date of Extraction: NADate of Collection: 1/29/17 5:35:00 PM 1.00 Date of Analysis: 1/31/17 03:13 PM					
Compound	Rpt. Limit (ng)	Rpt. Limit (ug/m3)	Amount (ng)	Amount (ug/m3)		
Naphthalene	1,0	0.058	Not Detected	Not Detected		
Air Sample Volume(L): 17.3 Container Type: TO-17 VI Tube						
Surrogates		%Recovery		Method Limits		
Naphthalene-d8		72		50-150		





Naphthalene-d8

Air Toxics

Client Sample ID: B15IA-1DUP-012817

Lab ID#: 1701454R1-13A EPA METHOD TO-17

File Name: Dil. Factor:	6013124R1 Date of 1.00		e of Collection: 1/29 e of Analysis: 1/31/	
Compound	Rpt. Limit (ng)	Rpt. Limit (ug/m3)	Amount (ng)	Amount (ug/m3)
Naphthalene	1,0	0.059	Not Detected	Not Detected
Air Sample Volume(L): 17.0 Container Type: TO-17 VI Tube				
Surrogates		%Recovery		Method Limits

101



50-150



Client Sample ID: B15IA-1-012817 Lab ID#: 1701454R1-14A

EPA METHOD TO-17

File Name: Dil. Factor:	6013125R1 Date o	f Extraction: NADate Date	of Collection: 1/29 of Analysis: 1/31/	
Compound	Rpt. Limit (ng)	Rpt. Limit (ug/m3)	Amount (ng)	Amount (ug/m3)
Naphthalene	1.0	0.060	1.2	0.070
Air Sample Volume(L): 16.8 Container Type: TO-17 VI Tube				
Surrogates		%Recovery		Method Limits
Naphthalene-d8		89	 -	50-150





Chain-of-Custody Record

Sample Transportation Notice

Relinquishing signature on this document indicates that sample is being shipped in compliance with all applicable local. State. Federal, national, and international laws, regulations and ordinances of any kind. Air Toxics Limited assumes no liability with respect to the collection handling or shipping of these samples. Relinquished signature also indicated agreement to hold harmless, defend, and indemnify. Air Toxics Limited against any claim, demand, or action of any kind, related to the collection, handling, or shipping of samples. D.O.T. Hottine (800) 467-4922.

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Page 1 of 2

Project	Project Manager: Terry Taylor								
Сощр	Company: Anderson Mulholland & Associates, Inc.	ciates, Inc.			Project Information:	ation:		Turn Around Time:	Reporting Units:
Addre	Address:2700 Winchester, Suite 41 City: Purchase State:NY Zip: 10577 Phone: 914-251-0400, ext. 309 FAX:	urchase Sta	le:NY Zip: 10577		P.O. # Project #			X Normal	D model
Collec	Collected By (print and sign): Molful	of David	David Lindstrand	~	ect Name Idings 8, 1:	Project Name BMS VI Invest. Buildings 8, 13, 15, 18, and 30	nvest. nd 30	☐ Rush Specify	mg/m3
Lab I.D.	Field Sample I.D.	Tube/ Cartridge	Date of Collection	Start Time	End	Duration	Final Volume A	Analysis Requested	
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rap T	Shipper Name Air	Air Bill #	Opened By	Temp ©		Condition	Custo	Custody Seals M	Work Order #
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(m)									



Chain-of-Custody Record

Sample Transportation Notice

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916-985-1020 fax line

Page 2 of 2

mg/m3 Work Order # Reporting Units: ppmv ppbv Mg/m3 mg/m3 1701454 Washiller leve Wart the lene a lene Analysis Requested O Jumpley D Specify Furn Around Normal Normal Rush Custody Seals No Arone Notes: Time: Volume 0.40 Yes 17.0 16.8 Final Project Name BMS VI Invest. Buildings 8, 13, 15, 18, and 30 F1-0 480 mm Pump Calibration Information SAO MEN Condition Duration 3mis Project Information: Post-test Flow Rate: Average Flow Rate: Pre-test Flow Rate: 1830 155C 1743 1735 End Project # P.O.# Тетр © ی 740 1235 1350 1530 Start 7 L / L EATL 1/33/ 11/020
Received By: (Signature) Date/fine Address:2700 Winchester, Suite 41 City: Purchase State: NY Zip: 10577 Opened By Collection 1/52/17 30Jan (7 1700 Fed EX Received By: (Signalure) Deta/Time Date of 29/12 29/13 £1/52 不不 Received By: (Signs Cartridge 155282 143458 16/89 Collected By (print and sign): David Lindsfran 140142 Company: Anderson Mulholland & Associates, Inc. Tube/ Air Bill # BIS 55-400P-012917 BISIA-100P-012817 Phone: 914-251-0400, ext. 309 FAX. Field Sample 1.D. BISTA-1-012817 BIS FB-012917 Project Manager: Terry Taylor Shipper Name Relinquished By: (Signature) Date/Time とうとか 110 · 45) Only 4 Use <u>.</u> 196

EXECUTIVE NARRATIVE

SDG No: 1701454 Laboratory: Eurofins, Folson, CA

Analysis: TO-17 Number of Samples: 14

Location:

SUMMARY: Fourteen (14) samples were analyzed for the naphthalene in ambient air following

Compendium Method TO-17. The sample results were assessed according to USEPA the documents described in the following order of precedence: QC criteria from "Compendium Method TO-17. Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) In Ambient Air Using Active Sampling Onto Sorbent Tubes (modified), January, 1999"; In addition the following guideline is employed for the evaluation of the set-up of the GC/MS analytical system including column selection, MS tune requirements, calibration protocols, etc., as per TO-17 method requirements: USEPA Hazardous Waste Support Branch. Validating Air Samples. Volatile Organic Analysis of Ambient Air in Canisters by Method TO-15, (SOP # HW-31. Revision #6. June, 2014). The QC criteria and data validation actions listed on the data review worksheets are from the primary guidance document, unless otherwise noted.

Results are valid and can be used for decision making purposes.

Critical issues: None Major: None Minor: None

Critical findings: None Major findings: None

Minor findings: 1. Laboratory/field duplicates analyzed as part of this data set. Laboratory duplicate were

within method performance criteria.

Field duplicate RPD within method performance criteria except for the cases described in the Data Review Worksheet. No action taken sample/duplicate concentration $< 5 \times SQL$.

COMMENTS: Results are valid and can be used for decision making purposes.

Reviewers Name: Rafael Infante

Chemist License 1888

Rafael Defaut

Signature:

Date: March 18, 2017

NAPHTHALENE DATA SAMPLE SUMMARY

METHOD: TO-17

NAPHTHALENE - TO 17

			LINE IOI	,			
Sample ID	Date	Results	Units	Dilution Factor	Lab Flag	Validation	Reportable
1701454R1-01A	1/29/2017	0.058	ug/m³	1.0	-	U	Yes
1701454R1-02A	1/29/2017	0.061	ug/m³	1.0	-	U	Yes
1701454R1-03A	1/29/2017	0.059	ug/m³	1.0	-	U	Yes
1701454R1-04A	1/29/2017	0.036	ug/m³	1.0	J	J	Yes
1701454R1-05A	1/29/2017	0.060	ug/m³	1.0	-	U	Yes
1701454R1-06A	1/29/2017	2.5	ug/m³	1.0	-	U	Yes
1701454R1-07A	1/29/2017	2.5	ug/m³	1.0	-	U	Yes
1701454R1-08A	1/29/2017	2.5	ug/m³	1.0	J	J	Yes
1701454R1-09A	1/29/2017	2.5	ug/m³	1.0	-	U	Yes
1701454R1-10A	1/29/2017	2.1	ug/m³	1.0	J	J	Yes
1701454R1-11A	1/29/2017	1.2	ug/m³	1.0	J	J	Yes
1701454R1-12A	1/29/2017	0.058	ug/m³	1.0	-	U	Yes
1701454R1-13A	1/29/2017	0.059	ug/m³	1.0	-	U	Yes
1701454R1-14A	1/29/2017	0.070	ug/m³	1.0	-	-	Yes

	Project Number:1701454 Date:01/29/2017
REVIEW OF VOLATILE ORGANIC The following guidelines for evaluating volatile organics were actions. This document will assist the reviewer in using profess decision and in better serving the needs of the data users. The satuse USEPA the documents described in the following order of precomparts of To-17. Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VO Onto Sorbent Tubes (modified), January, 1999"; In addition the evaluation of the set-up of the GC/MS analytical system including calibration protocols, etc., as per TO-17 method requirements: US Validating Air Samples. Volatile Organic Analysis of Ambient Air HW-31. Revision #6. June, 2014). The QC criteria and data val worksheets are from the primary guidance document, unless other The hardcopied (laboratory name) _EurofinsAir_Toxicsreviewed and the quality control and performance data summarized.	created to delineate required validation sional judgment to make more informed ample results were assessed according to edence: QC criteria from "Compendium Cs) In Ambient Air Using Active Sampling following guideline is employed for the column selection, MS tune requirements, SEPA Hazardous Waste Support Branch. in Canisters by Method TO-15, (SOP # idation actions listed on the data review wise noted. data package received has been
Lab. Project/SDG No.:1701454 No. of Samples:14	Sample matrix:Air
Trip blank No.: Field blank No.:B15FB-012917 Equipment blank No.: Field duplicate No.: _B13IA-2-012817/B13IA-2DUP-012012917; _B15S-1-012917/B15S-1DUP-012917; _B15IA-1-0	
X GC/MS Tuning X Internal Standard Performance	_X Laboratory Control Spikes _X Field Duplicates _X Calibrations _X Compound Identifications _X Compound Quantitation _X Quantitation Limits
Overall Comments:Naphthalene_by_method_TO-17_GC/MS_	_(modified)_detection_by_full_scan
Definition of Qualifiers: J- Estimated results U- Compound not detected R- Rejected data UJ- Estimated nondetect	
Reviewer: Rafuel Defauet	

DATA COMPLETENESS

MISSING INFORMATION	DATE LAB. CONTACTED	DATE RECEIVED
	<u> </u>	
		▼
		—

All criteria were metX_	_
Criteria were not met	
and/or see below	

HOLDING TIMES

The objective of this parameter is to ascertain the validity of the results based on the holding time of the sample from time of collection to the time of analysis.

Complete table for all samples and note the analysis and/or preservation not within criteria

SAMPLE ID	DATE SAMPLED	DATE ANALYZED	> 10% difference in sample flow rate (beginning/end)	ACTION
All samples analyzed within the recommended method holding time. Samples received in good conditions and no receiving discrepancies were observed except the cases described in this document. A Temperature Blank was included with the shipment. Temperature was measured and was not within 4±2 °C. Coolant in the form of blue ice was present. Analysis proceeded; no action taken professional judgment. Pump calibration information included in data package.				

<u>Criteria</u>

Samples should be refrigerated at <4°C in a clean environment during storage and analyzed within 30 days of sample collection (within one week for limonene, carene, *bis*-chloromethyl ether and labile sulfur or nitrogen containing volatiles). Samples taken on tubes containing multiple sorbent beds should be analyzed as soon as possible after sampling unless it is know in advance that storage will not cause significant sample recovery errors.

Receiving temperature: 12°C, 9°C

<u>Actions</u>

If holding times are exceeded use professional judgment to qualify positive results and non-detects.

Performance Criteria for the Monitoring Pump

Sampling pump errors can normally be presumed to be in the order of 5% (8). If the pump sampling flow rate measured at the end of sample collection varies more than 10% from that measured at the beginning of sample collection, then that sample is invalidated.

All criteria were metX	
Criteria were not met see below	

GC/MS TUNING

The assessment of the tuning results is to determine if the sample instrumentation is within the standard tuning QC limits. The following actions from the TO-15 compendium method are employed.

Gas Chromatograph/Mass Spectrometer (GC/MS) Instrument Performance Check

Action:

NOTES: This requirement does not apply when samples are analyzed by the Selected Ion Monitoring (SIM) technique.

All mass spectrometer instrument conditions must be identical to those used during the sample analysis. Background subtraction actions resulting in spectral distortions for the sole purpose of meeting the method specifications are contrary to the Quality Assurance (QA) objectives, and are therefore unacceptable.

NOTES: No data should be qualified based on BFB or DFTTP failure. Instances of this should be noted in the narrative.

All ion abundance ratios must be normalized to m/z 95, the nominal base peak, even though the ion abundance of m/z 174 may be up to 120% that of m/z 95.

- 1. If samples are analyzed without a preceding valid instrument performance check, qualify all data in those samples as unusable (R).
- 2. If the laboratory has made minor transcription errors which do not significantly affect the data, the data reviewer should make the necessary corrections on a copy of the form.
- 3. If the laboratory has failed to provide the correct forms or has made significant transcription or calculation errors, the Region's designated representative should contact the laboratory and request corrected data. If the information is not available, the reviewer must use professional judgment to assess the data and notify the Project Officer (PO).
- 4. If ion abundance criteria are not met, professional judgment may be applied to determine to what extent the data may be utilized. When applying professional judgment to this topic, the most important factors to consider are the empirical results that are relatively insensitive to location on the chromatographic profile and the type of instrumentation. Therefore, the critical ion abundance criteria for BFB are the m/z 95/96, 174/175, 174/176, and 176/177 ratios. The relative abundances of m/z 50 and 75 are of lower importance. This issue is more critical for Tentatively Identified Compounds (TICs) than for target analytes.
- 5. Note, in the Data Review Narrative, decisions to use analytical data associated with BFB instrument performance check failures (not meeting contract requirements).
- 6. If the reviewer has reason to believe that instrument performance check criteria were achieved using techniques other than those described in the Compendium method TO-15 entitled "Determination Of Volatile Organic Compounds(VOCs) In Air Collected In Specially-Prepared Canisters And Analyzed By Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry(GC/MS)", section 10.4, obtain additional information on the instrument performance checks. If the techniques employed are found to be at variance with the contract requirements, the performance and procedures of the laboratory may merit evaluation.
- 7. Use professional judgment to determine whether associated data should be qualified based on the spectrum of the mass calibration compound.

DATA REVIEW WORKSHEETS

List	the	samples	affected:
If no, use profess qualified or rejecte	, ,	ne whether the associated data s	should be accepted,
XBFB tunin	g was performed for every	24 hours of sample analysis.	
X The BFB p	performance results were r	reviewed and found to be within the	specified criteria.

If mass calibration is in error, all associated data are rejected.

All criteria were met _	_X_	
Criteria were not met		
and/or see below		

CALIBRATION VERIFICATION

Compliance requirements for satisfactory instrument calibration are established to ensure that the instrument is capable of producing and maintaining acceptable quantitative data. The calibration criteria and appropriate actions from the compendium method TO-15 are employed.

Date of initial calibration:	01/27/17
Dates of continuing calibra	tion:01/31/17
Instrument ID numbers:	MSD-6
Matrix/Level:	Air/low

DATE	LAB	FILE	CRITERIA OUT	COMPOUND	SAMPLES
	ID#		RFs, %RSD, %D, r		AFFECTED
			rations meet method sporequirements.	ecific requirements. Initial	calibration retention
		•			
		•			

The following criteria apply:

Table 5. Initial Calibration Actions for TO-15 Analyses

	Action		
Criteria for TO-15 Analysis	Detected Non-Detected Associated Associated Compounds Compound		
RRF < 0.010 (poor response volatile target	J (based on mass		
compounds, Table 4)	spectral	R	
RRF < 0.050 (all other volatile target compounds)	identification)		
RRF > 0.010 (poor response volatile target compounds, Table 4) RRF > 0.050 (all other volatile target compounds)	No qualification		
% RSD > 40.0 or < -40.0 (poor response volatile target compounds, Table 4) % RSD > 30.0 or < -30.0 (all other Volatile target compounds)	No qualification		
% RSD < 40.0 and > -40.0 (poor response volatile target compounds, Table 4) % RSD < 30.0 and > -30.0 (all other volatile target compounds) Use profess judgme			

Table 6. Continuing Calibration Verification (CCV) Actions for TO-15 Analyses

	Action		
Criteria for CCV	Detected Associated Compounds	Non-Detected Associated Compounds	
RRF < 0.010 (poor response volatile target compounds, Table 4) RRF < 0.050 (all other volatile target compounds)	J (based on mass spectral identification)	R	
RRF > 0.010 (poor response volatile target compounds, Table 4) RRF > 0.050 (all other volatile target compounds)	No qualification		
%D > 40.0 or < -40.0 (poor response volatile target compounds, Table 4) %D > 30.0 or < -30.0 (all other Volatile target compounds)	J	UJ	
%D < 40.0 and > -40.0 (poor response volatile target compounds, Table 4) %D < 30.0 and > -30.0 (all other volatile target compounds)	No quali	fication	

If the % D for daily calibration exceeds -90, use professional judgment to see if non-detects nee to be qualified as unusable "R"

A separate worksheet should be filled for each initial curve

Table 4. TO 15 Volatile Compounds List*

Compound	CAS Number	Synonyms	
Acetone	67-64-1	Dimethyl ketone; Dimethylformaldehyde; 2-Propanone	
Allyl chloride	107-05-1	3-Chloropropene; 3-Chloroprene	
Benzene	71-43-2	Benzol; Benzine	
Benzyl chloride	100-44-7	Chloromethylbenzene; alpha-Chlorotoluene	
Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	Monobromodichloromethane; Methane-bromodichloro	
Bromoethene	593-60-2	Vinyl bromide; Monobromoethene	
Bromoform	75-25-2	Tribromoethane	
Bromomethane	74-83-9	Methyl bromide; Monobromomethane	
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	Biethylene; Erythrene; Pyrrolyene	
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	Carbon bisulfide; Carbon sulfide	
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	Carbon tet; Tetrachloromethane	
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	Monochlorobenzene; Chlorobenzol; Benzene chloride	
Chloroethane	75-00-3	Ethyl chloride; Chlorene; Chloryl	
Chloroethene	75-01-4	Vinyl chloride; Ethylene monochloride	
Chloroform	67-66-3	Trichloromethane; Methyltrichloride; Methane trichloride	
Chloromethane	74-87-3	R40; Methyl chloride; Monochloromethane	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Hexamethylene; Hexahydrobenzene; Hexanaphthene	
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	Chlorodibromomethane	
1,2-Dibromoethane	106-93-4	EDB; Ethylene dibromide	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	ODB; Chloroben	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	meta-Dichlorobenzene; m-Phenylenedichloride	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	para-Dichlorobenzene; Parazene; Santochlor	
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	Ethylidene chloride; Ethylidene dichloride	
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	Ethylene dichloride; Glycol dichloride; 1,2-DCA	
1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	1,1-DCE; Vinylidene chloride	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-59-2	cis-1,2-DCE; cis-Acetylene dichloride	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-60-5	trans-1,2-DCE; trans-Acetylene dichloride	
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	Propylene dichloride; Propylene chloride	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	1-Propene,1,3-dichloro-,(z)-; cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-Propene	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-Propene; trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	Diethylene dioxide; Diethylene ether	
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	Acetic acid ethyl ester; Acetic ether	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Ethylbenzol; Phenylethane	
4-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	1-Ethyl-4-methyl benzene; p-Methylethylbenzene	
Freon 11 (CCl3F)	75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane; Fluorotrichloromethane; Fluorocarbon 11	

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Freon 12 (CCl2F2)	75-71-8	Dichlorodifluoromethane; Fluorocarbon 12
Freon 113 (C2Cl3F3)	76-13-1	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane; Fluorocarbon 113; 1,1,2-
20		Trichlorotrifluoroethane
Freon 114 (C2Cl2F4)	76-14-2	1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane; Halocarbon 114; 1,2-Dichloro-
		1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane
Heptane	142-82-5	Dipropylmethane; Heptyl hydride
Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	1,3-Hexachlorobutadiene; Perchlorobutadiene
Hexane	110-54-3	n-Hexane; Hexyl hydride
2-Hexanone	591-78-6	Methyl butyl ketone; Butyl methyl ketone; Hexan-2-one
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	2-Propanol; Isopropanol
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	Dichloromethane; Methylene dichloride
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	MEK; 2-Butanone; Ethyl methyl ketone
Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	MIBK; 2-Pentanone; Hexone; Isopropylacetone
Methyl tert-butyl ether	1634-04-4	MTBE; 2-Methoxy-2-methylpropane; tert-Butyl methyl ether
Propylene	115-07-1	Propene; Methylethylene
Styrene	100-42-5	Vinylbenzene; Phenylethylene
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	Tetrachloroethane; Acetylene tetrachloride; Bonoform
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	PCE; PERC; Perchloroethylene; Ethylene tetrachloride; Carbon
		bichloride; Carbon dichloride
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Diethylene oxide; Butylene oxide
Toluene	108-88-3	Toluol; Methylbenzene
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzol
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	Methyl chloroform; Trichloroethane
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	beta-Trichloroethane; Ethane trichloride; Vinyl trichloride
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	TCE; Acetylene trichloride; Ethinyl trichloride
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	Pseudocumene; Pseudocumol
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	Mesitylene; Trimethylbenzol
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	540-84-1	Iso-octane; Isobutyltrimethylmethane
Vinyl acetate	108-05-4	Acetic acid ethenyl ether; Ethenyl acetate
p-Xylene	106-42-3	p-Methyltoluene; 1,4-dimethylbenzene
m-Xylene	108-38-3	m-Methyltoluene; 1,3-dimethylbenzene
o-Xylene	95-47-6	o-Methyltoluene; 1,2-Dimethylbenzene

^{*}Laboratories use different sets and subsets of analytes on as needed basis.

NOTES:

Compounds in bold italicized letters may have poor GCMS response. These poor response compounds are evaluated using more relaxed relative response factor criteria as stated below.

Note: Naphthalene does not have poor GCMS response. Calibration criteria: RRF > 0.05 and % difference in the continuing calibration verification < 30 %.

All criteria were metX
Criteria were not met
and/or see below

V A. BLANK ANALYSIS RESULTS (Sections 1 & 2)

The assessment of the blank analysis results is to determine the existence and magnitude of contamination problems. The criteria for evaluation of blanks apply only to blanks associated with the samples, including trip, equipment, and laboratory blanks. If problems with any blanks exist, all data associated with the case must be carefully evaluated to determine whether or not there is an inherent variability in the data for the case, or if the problem is an isolated occurrence not affecting other data.

List the contamination in the blanks below. High and low levels blanks must be treated separately.

Laboratory blanks

DATE ANALYZED	LAB ID	LEVEL/ Matrix	COMPOUND	CONCENTRATION UNITS
All_method_	blank_meet_r	method_specific	_criteria	

Field blanks

Field blanks are the same as laboratory blanks except that they are transported to and from the monitoring site, are uncapped and immediately resealed at the monitoring site, but do not actually have air pumped through them. One field blank tube is taken for every ten sampled tubes on a monitoring exercise.

Criteria:

If the same profile/pattern of VOCs is observed on the field blanks as on the sampled tubes and if the level of these components is 5% or more of the sampled volatiles, careful attention must be paid to the method of sealing the tubes and other storage procedures in future studies. If the profile of volatiles on the field blanks matches that of the sampled tubes and if the areas of the peaks on the field blank are 10% or more of sampled tube levels, the sampled tube data are invalidated.

DATE ANALYZED	LAB ID	LEVEL/ MATRIX	COMPOUND	CONCENTRATION UNITS
No_target_ana	alyte_detected_	n_the_field_bla	ank_analyzed_with_this	s_data_package

Note:

All criteria were met	Χ
Criteria were not met	
and/or see below	_

VB. BLANK ANALYSIS RESULTS (Section 3)

Blank Actions

Action Levels (ALs) should be based upon the highest concentration of contaminant determined in any blank. Do not qualify any blank with another blank. The ALs for samples which have been diluted should be corrected for the sample dilution factor, where applicable. No positive sample results should be reported unless the concentration of the compound in the samples exceeds the ALs:

ALs = 10x the amount of common contaminants (methylene chloride, acetone, 2-butanone, and toluene)

ALs = 5x for any other compounds

Specific actions are as follows:

If the concentration is < sample quantitation limit (SQL) and \le AL, report the compound as not detected (U) at the SQL.

If the concentration is \geq SQL but \leq AL, report the compound as not detected (U) at the reported concentration.

If the concentration is \geq SQL and > AL, report the concentration unqualified.

Notes:

High and low level blanks must be treated separately

Compounds qualified "U" for blank contamination are still considered "hits" when qualifying for calibration criteria.

CONTAMINATION	COMPOUND	CONC/UNITS	AL/UNITS	SQL	AFFECTED
SOURCE/LEVEL					SAMPLES

All criteria were metX	<u></u>
Criteria were not met	
and/or see below	_

SURROGATE SPIKE RECOVERIES

Laboratory performance of individual samples is established by evaluation of surrogate spike recoveries. All samples are spiked with surrogate compounds prior to sample analysis. The accuracy of the analysis is measured by the surrogate percent recovery. Since the effects of the sample matrix are frequently outside the control of the laboratory and may present relatively unique problems, the validation of data is frequently subjective and demands analytical experience and professional judgment.

List the percent recoveries (%Rs) which do not meet the criteria for surrogate recovery.

Matrix: solid/aqueous

SAMPLE ID		SURROGATE COMPOUND	ACTION
	1,2- DICHLOROE	Naphthalene-d8 4 -BFB THANE-d4	
_Surrogate_recov	/eries_within_lab	poratory_control_limits	
QC Limits* (Air)			
LL_to_UL	to	_50to_150to_	

- QC limits are laboratory in-house performance criteria, LL = lower limit, UL = upper limit.
- If QC limits are not available, use limits of 80 120 % for aqueous and 70 130 % for solid samples.

Actions:

QUALITY	%R < 10%	%R = 10% - LL	%R > UL
Positive results	J	J	J
Nondetects results	R	UJ	Accept

Surrogate action should be applied:

If one or more surrogate in the VOC fraction is out of specification, but has a recovery of > 10%.

If any one surrogate in a fraction shows < 10 % recovery.

All criteria were metX	_
Criteria were not met	
and/or see below	

VIII. LABORATORY CONTROL SAMPLE (LCS) ANALYSIS

This data is generated to determine accuracy of the analytical method for various matrices.

1. LCS Recoveries Criteria

Where LCS spiked with the same analyte at the same concentrations as the MS/MSD? Yes or No. If no make note in data review memo.

List the %R of compounds which do not meet the criteria

	LCS ID	COMPOUND	% R	QC LIMIT
LCS/LCS	D_(Blank_spike	e)_analyzed_in_this_data_	_package;_%_recoverie	s_and_RPD
within_lab	poratory_contro	l_limits		

- * QC limits are laboratory in-house performance criteria, LL = lower limit, UL = upper limit.
- * If QC limits are not available, use limits of 70 130 %.

Actions:

Table 9. LCS/LCSD Actions for TO-15 Analyses

	Action		
Criteria	Detected Associated Compounds	Non-detected Associated Compounds	
Percent recovery Criteria			
%R > Upper Acceptance Limit (>130%)	J	No qualification	
%R in the acceptable range, 70-130%	No qualification		
%R < Lower Acceptance Limit (< 70 %)	J	UJ	
%R < 50%	J	R	
Lower Acceptance Limit \leq %R \leq Upper Acceptance Limit	No qualification		
Relative Percent Difference Criteria			
% RPD ≤ 25%	No qualification		
% RPD > 25 %	J	UJ	

2. Frequency Criteria:

Where LCS analyzed at the required frequency and for each matrix? **Yes** or No. If no, the data may be affected. Use professional judgment to determine the severity of the effect and qualify data accordingly. Discuss any actions below and list the samples affected.

All criteria were met	_X
Criteria were not met	
and/or see below	

IX. LABORATORY/FIELD DUPLICATE PRECISION

Sample IDs:_B13IA-2-012817/B13IA-2DUP-012817_(field)	Matrix:Air	
Sample IDs:_B13SS-2-012917/B13SS-2DUP-012917_(field)	Matrix:Air	
Sample IDs:_B15S-1-012917/B15S-1DUP-012917_(field)	Matrix:Air	
Sample IDs:_B15IA-1-012817/B15IA-1DUP-012817_(field)	Matrix:Air	
Sample IDs:_ LCS/LCSD_(laboratory)	Matrix:Air	

Field/laboratory duplicates samples may be taken and analyzed as an indication of overall precision. These analyses measure both field and lab precision; therefore, the results may have more variability than laboratory duplicates which only laboratory performance. It is also expected that soil duplicate results will have a greater variance than water matrices due to difficulties associated with collecting identical field duplicate samples.

The project QAPP should be reviewed for project-specific information. Suggested criteria: RPD \pm 50% for air samples. If both samples and duplicate are <5 SQL, the RPD criteria is doubled.

COMPOUND	SQL	SAMPLE CONC.	DUPLICATE CONC.	RPD	ACTION	
B13IA-2-012817/B13IA-2	DUP-012		1 00110.			
Naphthalene	0.060	0.029	ND	-	No sample/duplicate concentration < 5	action,
B13SS-2-012917/B13SS	-2DUP-0	12917 (field)				
Naphthalene	2.5	ND	1.7	-	No sample/duplicate concentration < 5	action, x SQL
B15S-1-012917/B15S-1D	B15S-1-012917/B15S-1DUP-012917_(field)					
Naphthalene	2.5	1.7	ND	-	No sample/duplicate concentration < 5	action, x SQL
B15IA-1-012817/B15IA-1	DUP-012	2817				
Naphthalene	0.060	0.056	ND	-	No sample/duplicate concentration < 5	action, x SQL

Note: Field duplicates analyzed as part of this data set. Laboratory duplicate were within method performance criteria except for the cases described in this document. No action, sample/duplicate concentration < 5 x SQL

Laboratory duplicates RPD are within method performance criteria.

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Actions:

Qualify as estimated positive results (J) and nondetects (UJ) for the compound that exceeded the above criteria. For organics, only the sample and duplicate will be qualified.

If an RPD cannot be calculated because one or both of the sample results is not detected, the following actions apply:

If one sample result is not detected and the other is greater than 5x the SQL qualify (J/UJ).

If one sample value is not detected and the other is greater than 5x the SQL and the SQLs for the sample and duplicate are significantly different, use professional judgment to determine if qualification is appropriate.

If one sample value is not detected and the other is less than 5x, use professional judgment to determine if qualification is appropriate.

If both sample and duplicate results are not detected, no action is needed.

All criteria were met _	_X_	
Criteria were not met		
and/or see below		

X. INTERNAL STANDARD PERFORMANCE

The assessment of the internal standard (IS) parameter is used to assist the data reviewer in determining the condition of the analytical instrumentation.

List the internal standard area of samples which do not meet the criteria.

- * Area of +40% or -40% of the IS area in the associated calibration standard.
- * Retention time (RT) within \pm 20 seconds of the IS area in the associated calibration standard.

DATE	SAMPLE ID	IS OUT	IS AREA	ACCEPTABLE RANGE	ACTION
	tandard_area_and_reration_standards		within_laboratory_	_control_limits_for_	_both_samples
Actions:					

Table 10. Internal Standard Actions for TO-15 Analyses

	Action			
Criteria	Detected Associated Compounds*	Non-detected Associated Compounds*		
Area counts > 140% of CCV or mid-point standard from initial calibration)	J-	No qualification		
Area counts < 60% of CCV or mid-point standard from initial calibration)	J+	R		
Area counts \geq 60% but \leq 140% of CCV or mid-point standard from initial calibration)	No qualification			
RT difference > 20.0 seconds between samples CCV or midpoint standard from initial calibration)	R*			
RT difference < 20.0 seconds between samples and CCV or mid-point standard from initial calibration)	No qualification			

^{*} Examine the chromatographic profile for that sample to determine if any false positives or negatives exist. For shifts of a large magnitude, the reviewer may consider partial or total rejection of the data for that sample fraction. Detects should not need to be qualified as unusable (R) if the mass spectral criteria are met.

All criteria were met>	` _
Criteria were not met	
and/or see below	

XII. SAMPLE QUANTITATION

The sample quantitation evaluation is to verify laboratory quantitation results. In the space below, please show a minimum of one sample calculation:

1701454-08A

Naphthalene RF = 2.21454

[] = (21594)(36)/(503464)(2.21454)

= 0.697 ng OK

All criteria were metX
Criteria were not met
and/or see below

XII. QUANTITATION LIMITS

A. Dilution performed

SAMPLE ID	DILUTION FACTOR	REASONS FOR DILUTION
No dilution perfo	rmed.	

System Performance

Action:

Use professional judgment to qualify the data if it is determined that system performance has degraded during sample analyses. Note, for Laboratory Project Officer (PO) action, any degradation of system performance which significantly affected the data.

Note:

Overall Assessment of Data

Action:

- 1. Use professional judgment to determine if there is any need to qualify data which were not qualified based on the Quality Control (QC) criteria previously discussed.
- 2. Write a brief narrative to give the user an indication of the analytical limitations of the data. Note, for Laboratory Project Officer (PO) action, any inconsistency of the data with the Sample Delivery Group (SDG) Narrative. If sufficient information on the intended use and required quality of the data is available, the reviewer should include their assessment of the usability of the data within the given context. This may be used as part of a formal Data Quality Assessment (DQA).

Note:	Results	are	valid;	the	data	can	be	used	for
	decision	mak	ing pur	pose	es.				